Redland Water Supply Corporation

2023 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report

(Consumer Confidence Report for the Period of January 1 to December 31, 2023)

PWS# TX0030028 2687 FM 2021 •Lufkin, TX 75901 Phone No. (936) 634-5070

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We are once again proud to present our annual water quality report covering all testing performed between January 1, 2023 to December 31, 2023. This report is intended to provide you with information about your drinking water and the efforts made by the water system to provide safe drinking water. Over the years we have dedicated ourselves to producing drinking water that meets all state and federal standards. We continually strive to adopt new methods for delivering the best quality drinking water to you. As new challenges to drinking water safety emerge, we remain vigilant in meeting the goals of source water protection, water conservation, and community education while continuing to serve the needs of all our water users. Please share with us your thoughts or concerns about the information in this report. After all, well-informed customers are the best allies. For more information about this report, or for any questions relating to your drinking water, please call Guy Ham- General Manager, at (936) 634-5070. Este reporte incluye informacion importante sobre el agua para tomar. Para asistencia en espanol, favor de llamar al telefono (936) 634-5070.

COMMUNITY PARTICIPATION

You are invited to participate in our public forum and voice your concerns about your drinking water. Meetings are held the 3rd Tuesday of each month beginning at 4:00 p.m. at the Redland Water Supply office located at 2687 FM 2021.

IMPORTANT HEALTH INFORMATION

You may be more vulnerable than the general population to certain microbial contaminants such as *Cryptosporidium*, in drinking water. Infants, some elderly, or immuno-compromised persons such as those undergoing chemotherapy for cancer; those who have undergone organ transplants; those who are undergoing treatment with steroids; and people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders can be particularly at risk from infections. You should seek advice about drinking water from your physician or health care provider. Additional guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by *Cryptosporidium* are available from the **Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).**

REDLAND WSC WATER SOURCES

Customers of Redland Water Supply Corporation receive their drinking water from two wells and purchased water from the City of Lufkin. Both wells and purchased water are pumped groundwater from the Carrizo Sand aquifer.

EPA prescribes regulations which limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems to ensure that tap water is safe to drink.

The Food and Drug Administration regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water, which must provide the same protection for public health.

Contaminants may be found in drinking water that may cause taste, color, or odor problems. These types of problems are not necessarily causes for health concerns.

For more concerns with taste, odor, or color of drinking water, Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

SOURCE WATER ASSESSMENT

The Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) completed an assessment of our source water and results indicate that some of our sources are susceptible to certain contaminants. The sampling requirements for the water system are based on this susceptibility and previous sample data.

Contaminants that may be present in source water include:

- Microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, which may come from sewage treat plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations and wild life.
- Inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally-occurring or results from urban storm water runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming.
- Pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm water runoff, and residential uses.
- Organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban storm water runoff, and septic systems.
- Radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally-occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. Any detection of these contaminants will be found in this Consumer Confidence Report.

Lead-Lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Redland Water Supply is responsible for providing high quality drinking water and removing lead pipes, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components in your home. You share the responsibility for protecting yourself and your family from the lead in your home plumbing. You can take responsibility by identifying and removing lead materials within your home plumbing in taking steps to reduce your family's risk. Before drinking tap water, flush your pipes for several minutes by running your tap, taking a shower, doing laundry or a load of dishes. You can also use a filter certified by an American National Standards Institute accredited certifier to reduce lead in drinking water. If you are concerned about lead in your water and wish to have your water tested, contact Redland Water Supply at 936-634-5070. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead.

Definitions:

ppm – milligrams per liter or parts per million

ppb – micrograms per liter or parts per billion

ppt – nanograms per liter or parts per trillion

ppq - pictograms per liter or parts per quadrillion
PCi/L - picocuries per liter (a measure of radioactivity)

MFL – million fibers per liter (a measure of asbestos)

Mren/year – millirems per year (a measure of radiation absorbed by the body)

NTU – nephelometric turbidity units (a measure of turbidity)

MCLG – (Maximum Contaminant Level Goal) – The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLG's allow or a margin of safety.

N/A – non applicable

MCL – (Maximum Contamination Level) – The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCL's are as close to the MCLC as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

MRDL (Maximum residual Disinfectant Level) – The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.

Coliform Ba	cteria	(testing is	conducte	d once	per m	onth)										
MCL	Total Coliform MCL			Highest No. of Positive			Fecal Coliform or E. Coli MCL			Total No. of Positive E. coli or fecal samples		i or	tion	Likely source of Contamination		
0	0			0			0			0		N		Naturally present in the		
0	5% of monthly sample positive. *										N	N	environment			
* Positive resul							Repea	at sample	es wer	e nega	itive for co	oliform.				
Residual Dis		age Level	Min Level		tea a	MRDI		MD	DLG		Unit			Source		
Type			Willi Level	IVIUX E		IVEI IVIIIDE		IVIN	DLG		Oiiit		Source			
Chlorine Gas		1.74	0.20		6.0				.0		ppm	Disinfectant used to control microbes				
		2.5	1.0	4.0		4.0			<mark>4.0</mark>		<mark>ppm</mark>					
Lead and Co Analyte	pper	(testing is Date	MCLG	Action		rs) Percentile	Т н л	of sites	Unit		iolatio	1:1	ah. aa	aurea of Conta	ination	
Analyte		Sampled	IVICEG	Level				ver AL		"	n	LIK	Likely source of Contamination			
Copper		09/20/2022	1.3	1.3	0.402			0 ppm			N	Erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood				
		<mark>08/05/2022</mark>	1.3	1.3		<mark>0.26</mark>		<mark>1</mark>	<mark>ppm</mark>		N	preservatives; Corrosion of household plumbing				
Lead		09/20/2022	. 0	0.015		1.02		0	ppb		N	systems.	prosion of household plumbing systems;			
		08/05/2022			15 1.7			1 ppb			N		osion of natural deposits.		5 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	
Disinfectar	nts ar	nd Disinfe	ctant By-	Produc	ts											
Analyte		Collection date	Highest	Highest level Detec		ed Range		MCLG		MC	L Units	Violation	1	Likely source of Contamination		
Haloacetic Acid (HAA5)		2023		38		26-42.1		No G for t	the	60	ppb	o N		By-product of drinking water disinfectant.		
		2023		<mark>36</mark>		13.6-35.7		No G for t	<mark>oal</mark> the	<mark>60</mark>	ppb	N				
Total Trihalomethanes (TTHM)		2023		72		60-79.		No Goal for the		80	ppb	N	By-product of drinking water disinfectant.		inking water	
		2023		<mark>49</mark>		32.2-54.5		total No Goal for the		80	ppb	N	<u> </u>			
								tot	al :							
Inorganic C	Conta	minants														
Analyte	te Collection date		_	Highest level Detected		Range		MCI	.G 1	MCL	Units	Violation		Likely source of Contamination		
Asbestos		2017		6.2139		6.2139 – 6.2139		7		7	MFL			Decay of asbestos cement water		
Davissas		10/31/2012 01/11/2022		0.3776		0 – 0.3776 0.0095 – 0.0095		2	_	7 MFL		N N		mains; erosion of natural deposits. Discharge of drilling wastes;		
Barium		2023	_	0.0095 0.0049		0.0049-0.0049		2	+	2 ppm2 ppm		N N	_	Discharge of drilling wastes; Discharge from metal refineries;		
				0.0013				_		_ PP		-	erc	erosion of natural deposits.		
Chromium		2017		3.6		3.6-3.6 0.00100 –		100		100	ppb			Discharge from steel and pulp mills;		
		<mark>2018</mark>	<0.00	<0.00100		0.00100 -		100	ן י	<mark>100</mark>	<mark>ppb</mark>	<mark>N</mark>	erc	erosion of natural deposits.		
Cyanide		2014	0.0	05	0.005 – 0.			200)	200	ppb	N	Dis	scharge from plastic and fertiliz		
	2014		<mark>7.6</mark>			<mark>7.68 – 7.68</mark>		200	200 200		ppb	N	factories; Discharge from steel / metal factories.			
Fluoride	Fluoride			0.346 0.247		0.196-0.346 0.247-0.247		4	4.0 4.0		ppm ppm	N N	ado tee	Erosion of natural deposits; Water additive which promotes strong teeth; Discharge from fertilizer and		
Nitrate (measured		2023	0.0	48	0.0467-0.048		12	10		10	nnm	NI NI		minum factorie		
as Nitrogen)	ieu	2023 2023	0.0522		0.018-0.05			10 10		10 10	ppm ppm	N N	_	Run off from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion		
									_	of	of natural deposits.					
Thallium	11/27/18 <0.00100 0.00100		.014 – 0.01 <mark>0100 0.000</mark> 0.002	<mark>000200</mark>			2	Ppb	N	and	Discharge from electronics, glass, and leaching from ore-processing sites; drug factories.					
Radioactiv	e Cor	ntaminant	ts													
Analyte		Collection date	Highes Dete			Range		MCLG	ACLG MCL		Units	Violation	L	Likely source of Contamination		
Combined Radi 226/228	ium	04/06/2021	. 1.	5		1.5 – 1.5		0			pCi/L	N N	Erc	Erosion of natural deposits.		
Disinfectan residual	t	02/07/2017 Year A		g <u>e Level</u> Ran		1. 5- 1.5 ge of Levels Detected		0 MRDL		3	<mark>pCi/L</mark> MRDLG	Unit Meas				
Free Chlorin	ne	2023	1.7	74	0.20-4.0			4			4	ppr		N N	Water additive	
		2023	1. 7	1.74		0.20-4.0		4			4	ppr		N	used to control microbes.	